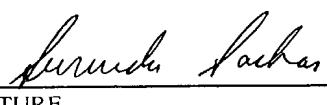


U.S. DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE FIRM PTO-1390 (Modified) (REV 11-2000)		ATTORNEY'S DOCKET NUMBER 218109US2PCT	
TRANSMITTAL LETTER TO THE UNITED STATES DESIGNATED/ELECTED OFFICE (DO/EO/US) CONCERNING A FILING UNDER 35 U.S.C. 371		U.S. APPLICATION NO. (IF KNOWN, SEE 37 CFR 10/030158	
INTERNATIONAL APPLICATION NO. PCT/FR00/02177	INTERNATIONAL FILING DATE 28 July 2000	PRIORITY DATE CLAIMED 30 July 1999	
TITLE OF INVENTION PROCESS FOR DATA TRANSMISSION USING REPETITIVE SETS OF SPREADING SEQUENCES, AND THE CORRESPONDING TRANSMITTER AND RECEIVER			
APPLICANT(S) FOR DO/EO/US DANIELE Norbert et al.			
<p>Applicant herewith submits to the United States Designated/Elected Office (DO/EO/US) the following items and other information:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> This is a FIRST submission of items concerning a filing under 35 U.S.C. 371. 2. <input type="checkbox"/> This is a SECOND or SUBSEQUENT submission of items concerning a filing under 35 U.S.C. 371. 3. <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> This is an express request to begin national examination procedures (35 U.S.C. 371(f)). The submission must include items (5), (6), (9) and (24) indicated below. 4. <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> The US has been elected by the expiration of 19 months from the priority date (Article 31). 5. <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> A copy of the International Application as filed (35 U.S.C. 371 (c) (2)) <ol style="list-style-type: none"> a. <input type="checkbox"/> is attached hereto (required only if not communicated by the International Bureau). b. <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> has been communicated by the International Bureau. c. <input type="checkbox"/> is not required, as the application was filed in the United States Receiving Office (RO/US). 6. <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> An English language translation of the International Application as filed (35 U.S.C. 371(c)(2)). <ol style="list-style-type: none"> a. <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> is attached hereto. b. <input type="checkbox"/> has been previously submitted under 35 U.S.C. 154(d)(4). 7. <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Amendments to the claims of the International Application under PCT Article 19 (35 U.S.C. 371 (c)(3)) <ol style="list-style-type: none"> a. <input type="checkbox"/> are attached hereto (required only if not communicated by the International Bureau). b. <input type="checkbox"/> have been communicated by the International Bureau. c. <input type="checkbox"/> have not been made; however, the time limit for making such amendments has NOT expired. d. <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> have not been made and will not be made. 8. <input type="checkbox"/> An English language translation of the amendments to the claims under PCT Article 19 (35 U.S.C. 371(c)(3)). 9. <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> An oath or declaration of the inventor(s) (35 U.S.C. 371 (c)(4)). 10. <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> An English language translation of the annexes to the International Preliminary Examination Report under PCT Article 36 (35 U.S.C. 371 (c)(5)). 11. <input type="checkbox"/> A copy of the International Preliminary Examination Report (PCT/IPEA/409). 12. <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> A copy of the International Search Report (PCT/ISA/210). <p>Items 13 to 20 below concern document(s) or information included:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 13. <input type="checkbox"/> An Information Disclosure Statement under 37 CFR 1.97 and 1.98. 14. <input type="checkbox"/> An assignment document for recording. A separate cover sheet in compliance with 37 CFR 3.28 and 3.31 is included. 15. <input type="checkbox"/> A FIRST preliminary amendment. 16. <input type="checkbox"/> A SECOND or SUBSEQUENT preliminary amendment. 17. <input type="checkbox"/> A substitute specification. 18. <input type="checkbox"/> A change of power of attorney and/or address letter. 19. <input type="checkbox"/> A computer-readable form of the sequence listing in accordance with PCT Rule 13ter.2 and 35 U.S.C. 1.821 - 1.825. 20. <input type="checkbox"/> A second copy of the published international application under 35 U.S.C. 154(d)(4). 21. <input type="checkbox"/> A second copy of the English language translation of the international application under 35 U.S.C. 154(d)(4). 22. <input type="checkbox"/> Certificate of Mailing by Express Mail 23. <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Other items or information: <p>Request for Consideration of Documents Cited in International Search Report PCT/IB/304/Drawings (3 sheets)/PCT/IB/308/Notice of Priority/Amended Sheet (Page 10)</p>			

U.S. APPLICATION NO (IF KNOWN, SEE 37 CFR 10/030158	INTERNATIONAL APPLICATION NO. PCT/FR00/02177	ATTORNEY'S DOCKET NUMBER 218109US2PCT																
24. The following fees are submitted:		CALCULATIONS PTO USE ONLY																
BASIC NATIONAL FEE (37 CFR 1.492 (a) (1) - (5)) :																		
<input type="checkbox"/> Neither international preliminary examination fee (37 CFR 1.482) nor international search fee (37 CFR 1.445(a)(2)) paid to USPTO and International Search Report not prepared by the EPO or JPO \$1040.00 <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> International preliminary examination fee (37 CFR 1.482) not paid to USPTO but International Search Report prepared by the EPO or JPO \$890.00 <input type="checkbox"/> International preliminary examination fee (37 CFR 1.482) not paid to USPTO but international search fee (37 CFR 1.445(a)(2)) paid to USPTO \$740.00 <input type="checkbox"/> International preliminary examination fee (37 CFR 1.482) paid to USPTO but all claims did not satisfy provisions of PCT Article 33(1)-(4) \$710.00 <input type="checkbox"/> International preliminary examination fee (37 CFR 1.482) paid to USPTO and all claims satisfied provisions of PCT Article 33(1)-(4) \$100.00																		
ENTER APPROPRIATE BASIC FEE AMOUNT =		\$890.00																
Surcharge of \$130.00 for furnishing the oath or declaration later than months from the earliest claimed priority date (37 CFR 1.492 (e)).		<input type="checkbox"/> 20 <input type="checkbox"/> 30 \$0.00																
<table border="1" style="width: 100%; border-collapse: collapse;"> <thead> <tr> <th style="width: 25%;">CLAIMS</th> <th style="width: 25%;">NUMBER FILED</th> <th style="width: 25%;">NUMBER EXTRA</th> <th style="width: 25%;">RATE</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>Total claims</td> <td>6 - 20 =</td> <td>0</td> <td>x \$18.00</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Independent claims</td> <td>1 - 3 =</td> <td>0</td> <td>x \$84.00</td> </tr> <tr> <td colspan="2">Multiple Dependent Claims (check if applicable).</td> <td style="text-align: center;"><input type="checkbox"/></td> <td style="text-align: center;">\$0.00</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>		CLAIMS	NUMBER FILED	NUMBER EXTRA	RATE	Total claims	6 - 20 =	0	x \$18.00	Independent claims	1 - 3 =	0	x \$84.00	Multiple Dependent Claims (check if applicable).		<input type="checkbox"/>	\$0.00	
CLAIMS	NUMBER FILED	NUMBER EXTRA	RATE															
Total claims	6 - 20 =	0	x \$18.00															
Independent claims	1 - 3 =	0	x \$84.00															
Multiple Dependent Claims (check if applicable).		<input type="checkbox"/>	\$0.00															
TOTAL OF ABOVE CALCULATIONS =		\$890.00																
<input type="checkbox"/> Applicant claims small entity status. See 37 CFR 1.27). The fees indicated above are reduced by 1/2.		\$0.00																
SUBTOTAL =		\$890.00																
Processing fee of \$130.00 for furnishing the English translation later than months from the earliest claimed priority date (37 CFR 1.492 (f)).		<input type="checkbox"/> 20 <input type="checkbox"/> 30 + \$0.00																
TOTAL NATIONAL FEE =		\$890.00																
Fee for recording the enclosed assignment (37 CFR 1.21(h)). The assignment must be accompanied by an appropriate cover sheet (37 CFR 3.28, 3.31) (check if applicable).		<input type="checkbox"/> \$0.00																
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		Amount to be: refunded \$ charged \$ 																
a. <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> A check in the amount of \$890.00 to cover the above fees is enclosed. b. <input type="checkbox"/> Please charge my Deposit Account No. _____ in the amount of _____ to cover the above fees. A duplicate copy of this sheet is enclosed. c. <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> The Commissioner is hereby authorized to charge any additional fees which may be required, or credit any overpayment to Deposit Account No. 15-0030 A duplicate copy of this sheet is enclosed. d. <input type="checkbox"/> Fees are to be charged to a credit card. WARNING: Information on this form may become public. Credit card information should not be included on this form. Provide credit card information and authorization on PTO-2038.																		
NOTE: Where an appropriate time limit under 37 CFR 1.494 or 1.495 has not been met, a petition to revive (37 CFR 1.137(a) or (b)) must be filed and granted to restore the application to pending status.																		
SEND ALL CORRESPONDENCE TO:																		
Surinder Sachar Registration No. 34,423  22850																		
 SIGNATURE Marvin J. Spivak NAME 24,913 REGISTRATION NUMBER Jan 30 2002 DATE																		

10/030158

JC03 Rec'd PCT/PTC 30 JAN 2002

1

PROCESS FOR DATA TRANSMISSION USING REPETITIVE SETS OF SPREADING SEQUENCES, AND THE CORRESPONDING TRANSMITTER AND RECEIVER

5

DESCRIPTION

Technical domain

The purpose of this invention is a process for transmission of data using repetitive sets of spreading sequences, and a corresponding transmitter and receiver.

The invention is broadly applied for digital communications and more particularly for Wireless Local Area Networks (WLANs), Wireless subscriber Local Loops (WLL), mobile telephony, intelligent building management systems and remote charging, communication for transport, cable television, multimedia service on cable networks, etc.

20 **State of prior art**

The invention relates to the spectrum spreading technique. It is known that this technique consists of modulating a digital symbol to be transmitted by a pseudo random sequence known to the user. Each sequence is composed of N elements called "chips" that have a duration of one N^{th} of the duration of a symbol. The result is a signal for which the spectrum is spread over a range N times wider than the range of the original signal. On reception, demodulation consists of correlating the received signal with the sequence used in sending to find the initial symbol.

This technique has many advantages, but it cannot overcome a disadvantage related to an interference effect between symbols which originates as follows. In
5 the transmitter to the receiver may follow various paths such that several signals reach the receiver at different time, with different amplitudes and phases, for the same transmitted signal. Therefore the response of the channel to the transmitted signal is
10 spread. Since the sent signal is usually short, it can be treated like a pulse and it is then referred to as a pulse response. In high throughput systems, these various replicas of the same signal can interfere with other signals.

15 Figure 1 illustrates this phenomenon. It shows the pulse response $h(t)$ of a channel as a function of time. On part A, it is assumed that a pulse was transmitted at a given time and that a first signal a_1 was received with a given delay τ_1 , followed by a
20 replica a_2 at time τ_1+T_m , where T_m is the time by which the second path lags behind the first. On part B, it is assumed that a second signal was sent after an interval T_s equal to the duration of a symbol and it is also assumed that this interval is equal to the delay
25 T_m . It is also assumed that the properties of the channel are not modified within the interval T_s , in other words the delay τ_2 is equal to τ_1 and T_m remains constant. A signal b_1 is then received at time τ_2 followed by a replica b_2 at time $\tau_2 + T_m$.

30 Since it is assumed that $T_s=T_m$, it is obvious that the signals a_2 and b_1 will interfere and degrade

reception. This source of degradation can be avoided by taking steps such that b_1 appears beyond a_2 , in other words the duration T_s of the symbols is greater than the spreading T_m of the pulse response. In other
5 words, the symbol flow rate must be less than $1/T_m$. The constraint on the flow rate is greater when the pulse response is spread more.

The purpose of the invention is to overcome this disadvantage. By reducing the interference phenomenon
10 between symbols, the invention enables higher flow rates in environments in which spreading of the pulse response of the channel is much greater than the duration of the symbol (up to 16 times in an example described later).

15 Document EP-A-0 693 834 describes a CDMA type mobile radiocommunication system in which the base station / mobile station link uses one or the other spreading sequence, the sequence being used in sending being identified such that the mobile station can
20 unspread the received signal. The signal can be transmitted on three parallel channels using three different codes, to increase the information flow rate.

Description of the invention

25 The invention recommends that successive symbols should be processed with different pseudo random sequences in order to reduce the risks of interference between symbols, since this makes it possible to better discriminate received signals on reception. According
30 to the invention, the number of different successive sequences is limited to a fixed number S . Beyond S

sequences, the previously used sequences are reused. In other words, packets of S symbols can be processed by repetitive sets of S sequences. The result is that the time interval after which the same pseudo random sequence is repeated is no longer T_s , but becomes S times T_s . Therefore the constraint on the duration of the symbol is no longer $T_s > T_m$, but becomes $S T_s > T_m$. In terms of throughput, this means that for a given spreading, the authorized throughput is S times higher than in prior art. The upper limit is no longer $1/T_m$, but becomes S/T_m .

This process that consists of processing packets of S symbols in repetitive sets of S pseudo random sequences can be further improved by processing several 15 packets of S symbols in parallel, each with different sequence sets.

Therefore, more precisely, the purpose of the invention is a process for data transmission by spectrum spreading in which:

20 - in sending: symbols are built up from the data to be transmitted, and are modulated by spectrum spreading using pseudo-random sequences,

- on reception: the received signal is correlated with the pseudo-random sequences used in sending, the symbols sent are found and the data are restored,

25

this process being characterized in that:

a) in sending:
i) a set of S successive different pseudo-random sequences is built up, in which S is equal to at least 2,

ii) the symbols to be transmitted are grouped into successive packets each containing S symbols,

5 iii) the S successive symbols of a packet are modulated by the S successive pseudo-random sequences of the set of sequences,

iv) operation iii) is repeated for successive packets of S symbols, the pseudo-random sequences in the set thus being used repetitively,

10 b) on reception:

the received signal is correlated with each of the S pseudo-random sequences used in sending, the successive packets of symbols are restored and the corresponding data are restored.

15 The conversion made during transmission could be a summation.

In one particular embodiment, several packets of S symbols are processed in parallel.

20 Another purpose of the invention is a transmitter and a receiver for embodiment of this process.

Brief description of the drawings

25 - figure 1, already described, illustrates the interference phenomenon between symbols;

- figure 2 shows an embodiment of a transmitter according to the invention;

- figure 3 shows an embodiment of a receiver according to the invention.

30

Description of particular embodiments

Data to be transmitted are firstly organized into symbols using standard techniques. Each symbol may include one or several bits. The symbols are then organized in packets of S . If required, parallel processing can also be carried out, L packets of S symbols are used in parallel giving a total of $M = LS$ symbols. The following symbols are organized in the same way to build up a new set of M symbols and so on.

Table I illustrates this series-parallel organization. Each box represents a symbol. The first set of symbols is denoted S_{ij}^1 where i denotes the row in the table, in other words the rank of the packet (where i varies from 1 to L) and j is the column, in other words the rank in the packet (where j varies from 1 to S). In the second set, the LS symbols are denoted S_{ij}^2 and so on.

i	j	1	2		S	1	2		S	
1		$S \frac{1}{11}$	$S \frac{1}{12}$		$S \frac{1}{1S}$	$S \frac{2}{11}$	$S \frac{2}{12}$		$S \frac{2}{1S}$	$S \frac{3}{11}$
2		$S \frac{1}{21}$	$S \frac{1}{22}$		$S \frac{1}{2S}$	$S \frac{2}{21}$	$S \frac{2}{22}$		$S \frac{2}{LS}$	$S \frac{3}{21}$
				$S \frac{1}{ij}$				$S \frac{2}{ij}$		
L		$S \frac{1}{L1}$	$S \frac{1}{L2}$		$S \frac{1}{Ls}$	$S \frac{2}{L1}$	$S \frac{2}{L2}$		$S \frac{2}{LS}$	$S \frac{3}{L1}$

Table I

All these symbols are processed by spectrum spreading using Ls different pseudo-random sequences, preferably orthogonal. These sequences are organized

as shown in table II. They are denoted C_{ij} , where i varies from 1 to L and j varies from 1 to S.

i	j	1	2		S
1		C_{11}	C_{12}		C_{1s}
2		C_{21}	C_{22}		C_{2s}
				C_{ij}	
L		C_{L1}	C_{L2}		C_{Ls}

Table II

5

A symbol S_{ij} in table I is processed by the corresponding pseudo-random sequence C_{ij} in table II. When the M sequences have been used for a set of M symbols, the same sequences are reused for the next set 10 of M symbols and so on. Therefore, the interval at which sequences are reused is ST_s .

Some numerical examples are given for explanatory purposes to illustrate the advantages provided by the invention; these examples are in no way restrictive. 15 It is assumed that work is done with a binary flow rate of 2 Mbits/s in QPSK (Quaternary Phase Shift Keying) modulation. Therefore the number of bits per symbol is 2. The duration T_s of a symbol is 1 μs . With a process in accordance with the state of prior art, this 20 would mean that spreading of the channel T_m should be limited to 1 μs . The invention uses L channels in parallel (where $L=M/S$). Therefore the number of bits transmitted in a symbol period T_s is equal to $m = 2L$. Table III contains a few examples of maximum spreading 25 $T_{m_{max}}$ that can be allowed for two values of M (8 and

16), and 3 values of S (4, 8 and 16 respectively) for each.

	M=8	M=16
S=4	m=4 bits/symb Tm _{max} =8 μs	m=8 bits/symb Tm _{max} =16 μs
S=8	m=2 bits/symb Tm _{max} =8 μs	m=4 bits/symb Tm _{max} =16 μs
S=16		m=2 bits/symb Tm _{max} =16 μs

Table III

5

Figures 2 and 3 illustrate example embodiments of a transmitter and a receiver according to the invention. In figure 2, the transmitter comprises a general input 10 into which data d to be transmitted are input, a circuit 20 transforming these data into symbols (it may be phase shift keying (PSK) modulator), a means 30 of forming packets each containing S symbols, namely P_i (i varying from 1 to L). In the variant illustrated, the transmitter comprises a series-parallel converter 40 with L outputs 40₁, 40₂, ..., 40_i, ..., 40_L outputting L packets P_i, a table 50 of pseudo-random sequences C_{ij}, with L outputs 50₁, 50₂, ..., 50_j, ..., 50_L outputting L sets of sequences, a circuit 60 of spreading symbols S_{ij} with sequences C_{ij}, this circuit having L outputs 60₁, 60₂, ..., 60_i, ..., 60_L outputting spread spectrum symbols, an adder 70 and finally transmission means symbolized by an antenna 80.

The receiver shown in figure 3 comprises reception means symbolized by the antenna 100, a bank of M

matched filters $110_1, \dots, 110_M$, each of these filters being matched to one of the pseudo-random sequences C_{ij} used in sending, a bank of M circuits $120_1, \dots, 120_M$ estimating the energy (or the amplitude) of signals output by the previous matched filters, a circuit 130 with M inputs $132_1, \dots, 132_M$ and L outputs $134_1, \dots, 134_L$ determining which of the M input channels contain maximum energy and outputting a selection signal on one or several of the L outputs, L circuits $140_1, \dots, 140_L$ with M inputs connected to the outputs of M matched filters and selecting one among M inputs as a function of the received selection signal, L demodulators $150_1, \dots, 150_L$, for example of the PSK type, a circuit 160 putting L packets of symbols output by the demodulators into series, a circuit 170 restoring data \underline{d} on a general output 180 .

Processing in parallel is simply an option, the essential feature of the invention being that a set of different successive sequences is used.

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25

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CLAIMS

1. Spectrum spreading data transmission process
in which:

5 - in sending: symbols are built up from the data
to be transmitted, and are modulated by spectrum
spreading using pseudo-random sequences,
- on reception: the received signal is correlated
with the pseudo-random sequences used in
10 sending, the symbols sent are found and the data
are restored,

this process being characterized in that:

a) in sending:

15 v) a set of S successive different pseudo-
random sequences is built up, in which S
is equal to at least 2,
vi) the symbols to be transmitted are grouped
into successive packets each containing S
symbols,
20 vii) the S successive symbols of a packet are
modulated by the S successive pseudo-
random sequences of the set of sequences,
viii) operation iii) is repeated for
successive packets of S symbols, the
25 pseudo-random sequences in the set thus
being used repetitively,

b) on reception:

the received signal is correlated with each of the S
pseudo-random sequences used in sending, the successive
30 packets of symbols are restored and the corresponding

data are restored.packets of symbols are restored and the corresponding data are restored.

2. Process according to claim 1, in which several packets of S symbols are processed in parallel.

5 3. Transmitter for embodiment of the process according to claim 1, comprising a general input (10), means (20) of receiving data to be transmitted and building up symbols, and means (60) of modulating these symbols by spectrum spreading using pseudo-random sequences, characterized in that it comprises:

- means (50) of building up a set of S successive different pseudo-random sequences,
- means (30, 40) of grouping symbols to be transmitted into successive packets each containing S symbols,
- means (60) of modulating the successive symbols of a packet by S successive pseudo-random sequences of the set of sequences, to reiterate this modulation for successive packets of symbols, the pseudo-random sequences of the set thus being used repetitively.

15 4. Transmitter according to claim 3, in which the means process packets of successive symbols in series and in parallel.

20 25 5. Receiver for embodiment of the process according to claim 1, comprising means of correlating a reception signal with pseudo-random sequences and of outputting symbols, and means of restoring the data starting from these symbols, characterized in that it comprises:

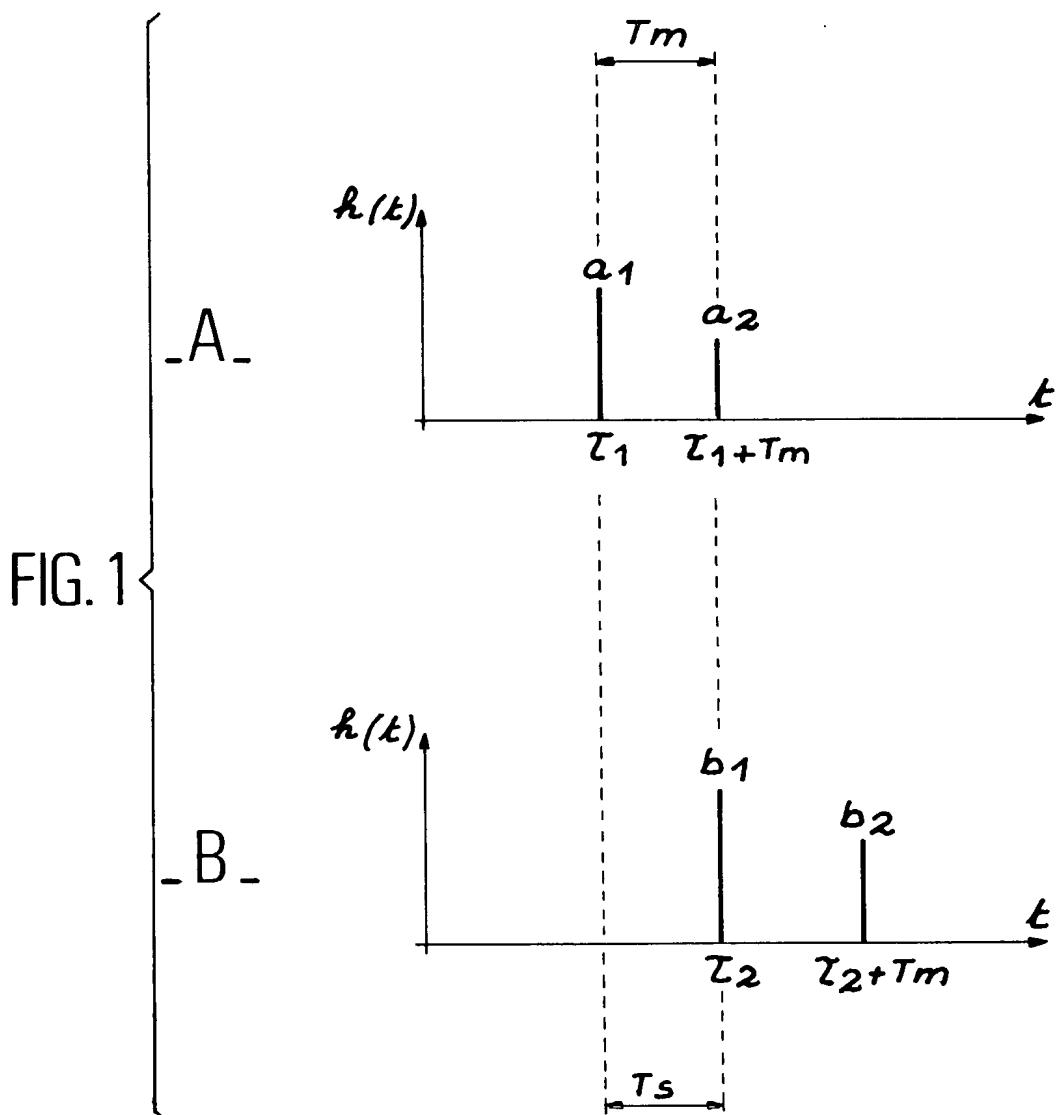
- means (110₁, ..., 110_M) of correlating the received signal with S pseudo-random sequences,
- means (120₁, ..., 120_M) (130) (140₁, ..., 140_L) (150₁, ..., 150₂) of restoring packets of S symbols,
- 5 - means (170) of restoring the corresponding data on a general output (180).

6. Receiver according to claim 5, in which the means process packets of successive symbols in series and in parallel.

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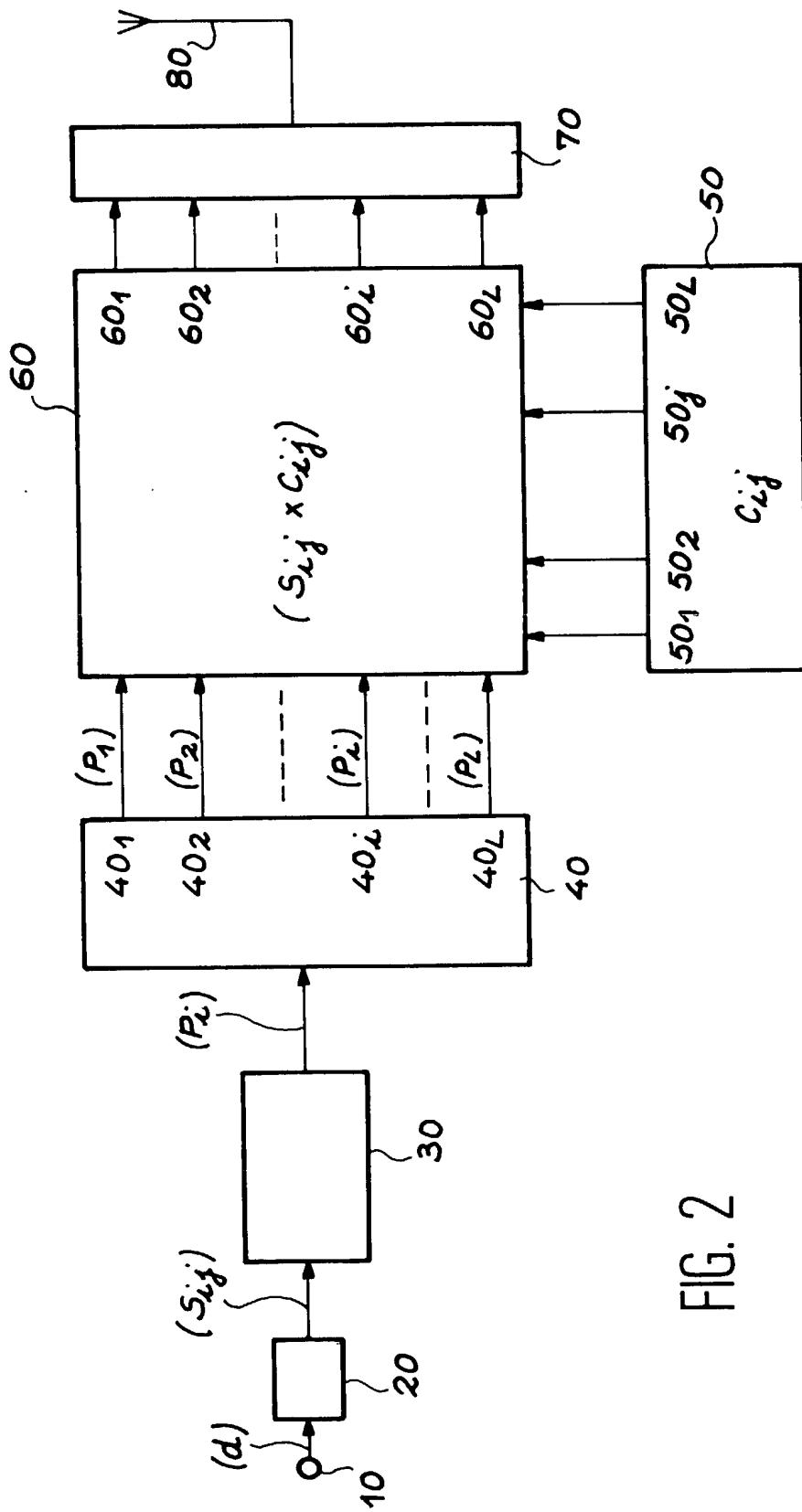
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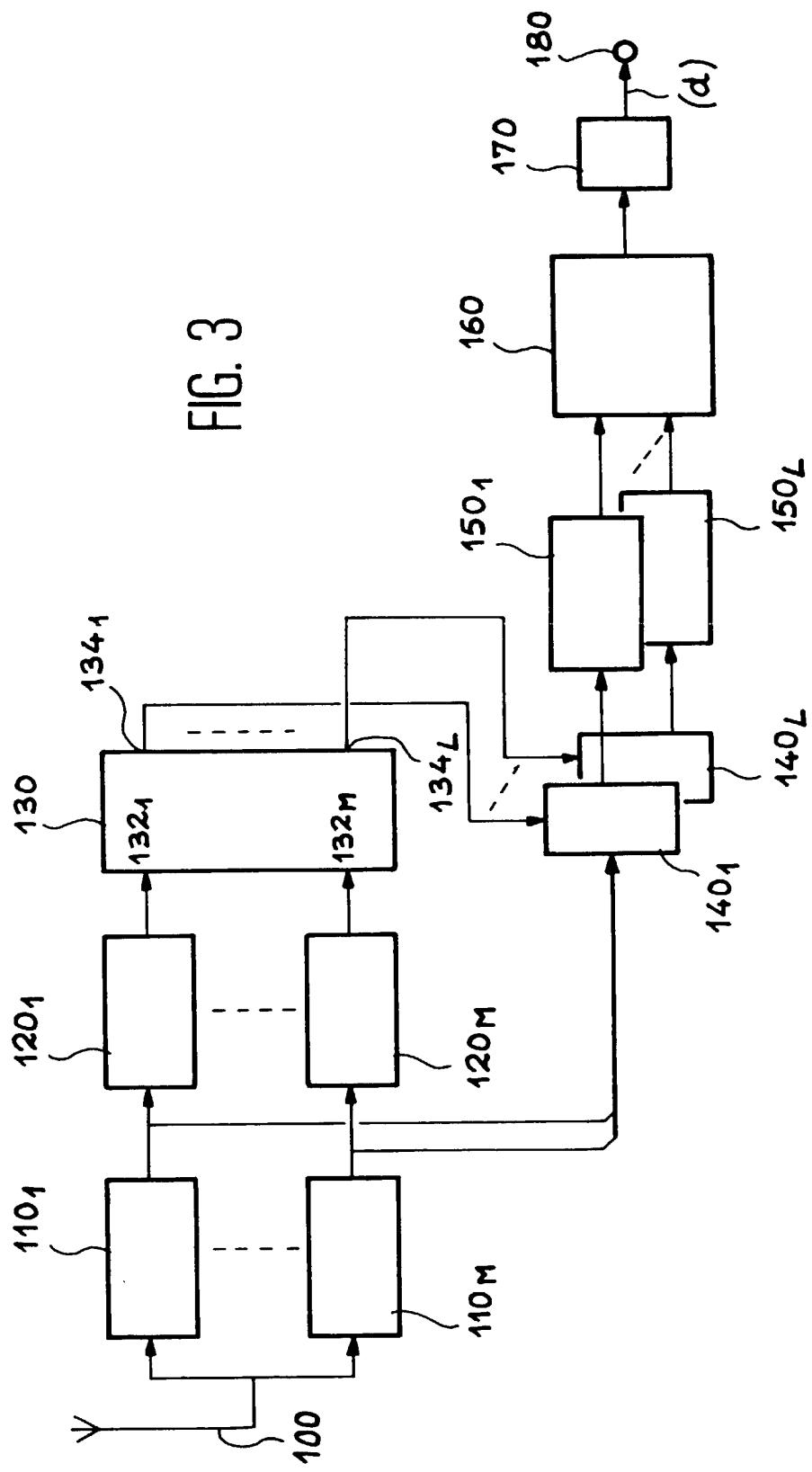
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2
FIG.

3 / 3

3
FIG.



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Declaration, Power Of Attorney and Petition

Page 1 of 3

WE (I) the undersigned inventor(s), hereby declare(s) that :

My residence, post office address and citizenship are as stated below next to my name,

We (I) believe that we are (I am) the original, first, and joint (sole) inventor(s) of the subject matter which is claimed and for which a patent is sought on the invention entitled
PROCESS FOR DATA TRANSMISSION USING REPETITIVE SETS OF SPREADING SEQUENCES, AND THE CORRESPONDING TRANSMITTER AND RECEIVER

the specification of which

is attached hereto.
 was filed on _____
as Application Serial No. _____
and amended on _____
 was filed as PCT international application
Number PCT/FR00/02177
on July 28, 2000
and was amended under PCT Article 19
on June 07, 2001

We (I) hereby state that we (I) have reviewed and understand the contents of the above-identified specification, including the claims, as amended by any amendment referred to above.

We (I) acknowledge the duty to disclose information known to be material to the patentability of this application as defined in Section 1.56 of Title 37 Code of Federal Regulations.

We (I) hereby claim foreign priority benefits under 35 U.S.C. § 119 (a)-(d) or § 365 (b) of any foreign application(s) for patent or inventor's certificate, or § 365 (a) of any PCT International application which designated at least one country other than the United States, listed below and have also identified below, by checking the box, any foreign application for patent or inventor's certificate, or PCT International application having a filing date before that of the application on which priority is claimed. Prior Foreign Application (s)

Application No.	Country	Day/month/Year	Priority Claimed
99 09947	FRANCE	30 July 1999	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> YES <input type="checkbox"/> NO
_____	_____	_____	<input type="checkbox"/> YES <input type="checkbox"/> NO
_____	_____	_____	<input type="checkbox"/> YES <input type="checkbox"/> NO
_____	_____	_____	<input type="checkbox"/> YES <input type="checkbox"/> NO

We (I) hereby claim the benefit under Title 35, United States Code, § 119 (e) of any United States provisional application(s) listed below.

(Application Number)	(Filing Date)
(Application Number)	(Filing Date)

We (I) hereby claim the benefit under 35 U.S.C. §120 of any United States application(s), or § 365(c) of any PCT International application designating the United States, listed below and, insofar as the subject matter of each of the claims of this application is not disclosed in the prior United States or PCT International application in the manner provided by the first paragraph of 35 U.S.C. § 112, I acknowledge the duty to disclose information which is material to patentability as defined in 37 CFR § 1.56 which became available between the filing date of prior application and the national or PCT International filing date of this application.

Application Serial No.	Filing Date	Status (pending, patented, abandoned)

And we (I) hereby appoint : Norman F. Oblon, Registration Number 24,618; Marvin J. Spivak, Registration Number 24,913; C. Irvin McClelland, Registration Number 21,214; Gregory J. Maier, Registration Number 25,599; Arthur I. Neustadt, Registration Number 24,854; Richard D. Kelly, Registration Number 27,757; James D. Hamilton, Registration Number 28,421; Eckhard H. Kuesters, Registration Number 28,870; Robert T. Pous, Registration Number 29,099; Charles L. Gholz, Registration Number 26,395; Vincent J. Sunderdick, Registration Number 29,004; William E. Beaumont, Registration Number 30,996; Steven B. Kelber, Registration Number 30,073; Robert F. Gnuse, Registration Number 27,295; Jean-Paul Lavalleye, Registration Number 31,451; William B. Walker, Registration Number 22,498; Timothy R. Schwartz, Registration Number 32,171; Stephen G. Baxter, Registration Number 32,884; Martin M., Zoltick, Registration Number 35,745; Robert W. Hahl, Registration Number 33,893; and Richard L. Treanor, Registration Number 36,379; our (my) attorneys, with full powers of substitution and revocation, to prosecute this application and to transact all business in the Patent Office connected therewith; and we (I) hereby request that all correspondence regarding this application be sent to the firm of OBLON, SPIVAK, McCLELLAND, MAIER & NEUSTADT, P.C., whose post Office Address is : Fourth Floor, 1755 Jefferson Davis Highway, Arlington, Virginia 22202.

We (I) declare that all statements made herein of our (my) own knowledge are true and that all statements made on information and belief are believed to be true ; and further that these statements were made with the knowledge that willful false statements and the like so made are punishable by fine or imprisonment, or both, under Section 1001 of Title 18 of the United States Code and that such wilful false statements may jeopardise the validity of the application or any patent issuing thereon.

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NAME OF THIRD INVENTOR

Signature of Inventor

January 04, 2002

Date

Residence : 4 rue Claude Debussy
38100 GRENOBLE - FRANCE

Citizen of : FRANCE

Post Office Address : The same as residence

LEQUEPEYS Jean-René

NAME OF FOURTH INVENTOR

Signature of Inventor

January 04, 2002

Date

Residence : 14 rue de la République
38600 FONTAINE
FRANCE

Citizen of : FRANCE

Post Office Address : The same as residence

NAME OF FIFTH INVENTOR

Signature of Inventor

Date

Residence : _____

Citizen of : _____

Post Office Address : The same as residence